

10 -- THE REPAIRERS OF THE BREACH

(The Transcript of God's Love: God's Holy Law - Part 2)

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In our last study, we learned that the Ten Commandments are the transcript of the character of God. In other words, they reveal to us who God is and what He is like. Thus, God's law is a reflection of Himself. To attempt to change His law or alter it in any way is to think to change God! In this lesson we will discover the shocking fact that God's law has in fact been tampered with. In spite of all the scriptural assurances of the changeless nature of God, the incredible news is that an attempt has been made to alter that which God Himself has declared unalterable--His Law. In lesson 16 we will examine in detail this purported attempt to change God's eternal changeless law. However, in this lesson, we will discover the commandment which has been forgotten by the vast majority in our world today, the Sabbath commandment. (*Please read Exodus 20:4-11 in preparation for this lesson*).

The Breach in the Law of God - A Look at the Forgotten Commandment: The Sabbath

1. Did God make the Sabbath rest only for Israelites?

Mark 2:27 And He said to them, "The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath."

Note: When Jesus says that the Sabbath was made for man, the word "man" here used denotes the idea of all "mankind"--for all people, for all time, in every place.

2. When did God establish the Sabbath?

Genesis 2:1, 3 Thus the heavens and the earth, and all the host of them, were finished. ...Then God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it, because in it He rested from all His work which God had created and made.

Note: The Sabbath was established at the close of Creation week before the entrance of sin, and before the existence of the first Israelite.

3. What day of the week is the Sabbath?

Genesis 2:2, 3 And on the seventh day God ended His work which He had done, and He rested on the seventh day from all His work which He had done. Then God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it, because in it He rested from all His work which God had created and made.

Note: Three times in Genesis chapter 2, God tells us that He made the Sabbath on the seventh day of Creation Week (Exodus 20:10). He also "sanctified" it, which means to set aside for a holy use. God made the Sabbath as a 24-hour period of time, because time is what it takes to develop a true

love relationship with Jesus. The devil wants to keep us so busy working that we don't think about God. Knowing how overly busy end-time people would be, God set aside twenty-four special hours every week to spend with His people, to get better acquainted. He has made that weekly appointment with you. *(See attached supplement)*

4. How has God demonstrated the importance of His holy Sabbath?

Exodus 20:8-11 Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. ... the LORD blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it.

Note: Exodus 20:8-11 is the fourth commandment of God's law. By making the Sabbath one of His Ten Commandments, He demonstrated its extreme importance. Verse 10 calls it "the Sabbath of the Lord thy God." Only the fourth commandment begins with the word "remember," indicating God knew that people would forget. We learned in our last lesson that breaking God's Ten Commandment law is sin (1 John 3:4). But Jesus died to save His people from their sins, or from their law-breaking (Matthew 1:21).

5. Of what two precious things does God say the Sabbath is a sign?

Exodus 31:17 It is a sign between Me and the children of Israel forever; for in six days the LORD made the heavens and the earth, and on the seventh day He rested and was refreshed.
Ezekiel 20:12 Moreover I also gave them My Sabbaths, to be a sign between them and Me, that they might know that I am the LORD who sanctifies them.

Note: God says the Sabbath is a sign, or mark, of His power as Creator and Redeemer. In Revelation 14:6-14 (KJV), God gives three important messages that are to be proclaimed to "them that dwell on the earth, and to every nation, and kindred, and tongue, and people" verse 6. The first message is found in verse 7: "*Fear God, and give glory to him; for the hour of his judgment is come: and worship him that made heaven, and earth, and the sea, and the fountains of waters.*" This appeal for a return to true worship is drawn right from the fourth commandment: "*For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day.*" Exodus 20:11 (KJV).

6. Which day did Jesus keep holy?

Luke 4:16 So He came to Nazareth, where He had been brought up. And as His custom was, He went into the synagogue on the Sabbath day, and stood up to read.

Note: Jesus is our example (1 Peter 2:21) in everything, including Sabbath keeping, which was His custom. A "*custom*" is a regular habit. Christians are to walk just as He walked (1 John 2:6).

7. What was Paul's custom regarding the Sabbath?

Acts 18:4 And he reasoned in the synagogue every Sabbath, and persuaded both Jews and Greeks.

Note: It was also Paul's custom to keep the seventh-day Sabbath.

8. Did the apostles also meet with the Gentiles on the Sabbath?

Acts 13:42 So when the Jews went out of the synagogue, the Gentiles begged that these words might be preached to them the next Sabbath.

Note: On another occasion, the disciples met on the Sabbath with a group of Gentile women by the riverside, because the city had no synagogue (Acts 16:13).

9. Did Jesus intend for His people to keep the Sabbath after He died for their sins?

Matthew 24:20 And pray that your flight may not be in winter or on the Sabbath.

Note: Jesus was here predicting the fall of Jerusalem, which He knew would take place in A.D. 70 (about 40 years later). He suggested they pray that they would not have to flee from the invading army on the Sabbath. It is clear that Jesus expected His people to be keeping the Sabbath holy long after His death.

10. Does the Bible teach that God's end-time people would also keep His seventh-day Sabbath holy?

Revelation 12:17 And the dragon was enraged with the woman, and he went to make war with the rest of her offspring, who keep the commandments of God and have the testimony of Jesus Christ.

Revelation 14:12 Here is the patience of the saints; here are those who keep the commandments of God and the faith of Jesus.

Revelation 22:14 Blessed are those who do His commandments, that they may have the right to the tree of life, and may enter through the gates into the city.

Note: The above Scriptures obviously refer to God's end-time church, and each passage states plainly that God's end-time church keeps His commandments--which, of course, include the fourth commandment, the Sabbath.

11. Will all of the saved keep the Sabbath on the Earth made new?

Isaiah 66:22, 23 "For as the new heavens and the new earth Which I will make shall remain before Me," says the LORD, "So shall your descendants and your name remain.

And it shall come to pass that from one New Moon to another; And from one Sabbath to another; All flesh shall come to worship before Me," says the LORD.

Note: The Bible says that all the redeemed of all ages will keep God's Sabbath together in heaven and in the new earth.

12. Can we be certain that the present seventh day of the week (Saturday) is the same Sabbath day that Jesus kept holy?

Luke 23:54-24:1 That day was the Preparation (Friday), and the Sabbath drew near. ...

Then they returned and prepared spices and fragrant oils. And they rested on the Sabbath according to the commandment...

Note: Jesus was crucified on Friday (preparation), the day before the Sabbath (Mark 15:42). Jesus rested in the tomb on the Sabbath of the commandment (Luke 23:56), then rose on the first day--the day after the Sabbath (Mark 16:1-6). Christians around the world still celebrate that day as Easter Sunday. The Bible clearly shows that the Sabbath was the day after Friday and the day before Sunday. It's easy to locate that day of the week on any calendar.

13. Does God allow anyone to change His holy day?

Proverbs 30:5, 6 Every word of God is pure. ...Do not add to His words, Lest He rebuke you, and you be found a liar.

Note: Just before God gave the Ten Commandments, as described in Deuteronomy chapter 5, He solemnly warned that no one should "add unto" or "diminish ought from" them (Deuteronomy 4:2, KJV). Rather, they were to be kept precisely as He gave them. God blessed His Sabbath (Exodus 20:11), and when He blesses something, it is blessed forever (1 Chronicles 17:27). God says, "I will not break, nor alter the thing that is gone out of my lips" Psalm 89:34, KJV. Misguided men admit that they changed God's holy Sabbath to Sunday. But God will not accept men's teachings when He gave the Bible as our guide.

14. When does the Sabbath begin and end?

Genesis 1:5 So the evening and the morning were the first day.

Note: Unlike our culture which states that the new day begins at midnight, the Bible teaches that the day begins at evening (sunset). Thus, the Sabbath hours begin at sunset Friday and close at sunset Saturday.

15. What day is the Lord's Day of Revelation 1:10?

Exodus 20:10 ... but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the LORD your God. ...

Isaiah 58:13 If you turn away your foot from the Sabbath, From doing your pleasure on My holy day, ...

Mark 2:28 Therefore the Son of Man is also Lord of the Sabbath.

Note: In both the Old and New Testaments, God calls the Sabbath the Lord's day. He also commands that people be warned against committing the sin of trampling God's Sabbath (Isaiah 58:1, 13). God declares that His holy Sabbath is for all people (Isaiah 56:2-7). The Bible never refers to Sunday as the Lord's day, not once. It is simply one of the six working days of the week (Ezekiel 46:1). That's all it has ever been.

16. What blessing is promised by the Sabbath commandment?

Matthew 11:28 Come to Me, all you who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest.

Hebrews 4:5 (KJV) ... If they shall enter into my rest.

Note: Each one of the Ten Commandments has a spiritual meaning. Some Christians focus on the letter of the law and neglect the spirit of the law. Jesus wants us to have both (Matthew 5:21, 22, 27, 28). The word "sabbath" means "rest," and the Bible often uses the term "rest" to refer to salvation. Hebrews 4:1, 4, 9, 10 says that those who have truly been led to the "rest" of conversion and who abide in Christ will keep the seventh-day Sabbath as a symbol of the Christian rest.

Your Response to Jesus

Because Jesus created the Sabbath for our blessing, and has given it as a sign of His power to create and transform us, would you like to follow in His footsteps (John 10:27) and experience the blessing our loving Lord gives His followers that keep the Sabbath in His honor?

ANSWER: _____

Sample List of Languages of the World Where the Sabbath is Found

Language	Word for Saturday/7thDay	Meaning
Greek	Sabbaton	Sabbath
Latin (Italy)	Sabbatum	Sabbath
Spanish (Spain)	Sábado	Sabbath
Portuguese (Portugal)	Sabbado	Sabbath
Italian (Italy)	Sabbato	Sabbath
French (France)	Samedi	Sabbath day
High German (Germany)	Samstag	Sabbath
Prussian (Prussia)	Sabatico	Sabbath
Russian (Russia)	Subbota	Sabbath
Polish	Sobota	Sabbath
Hebrew	Shabbath	Sabbath
Afaghan	Shamba	Sabbath
Hindustani	Shamba	Sabbath
Persian	Shambin	Sabbath
Arabic	Assabt	The Sabbath
Turkish	Yomessabt	Day Sabbath
Malay	Ari-Sabtu	Day Sabbath
Abyssinian	Sanbat	Sabbath
Lusatian (Saxony)	Sobota	Sabbath
Bohemian	Sobota	Sabbath
Bulgarian (Bulgaria)	Subbota	Sabbath
New Slovenian (Illyria, in Austria)	Sobota	Sabbath
Illyrian (Dalmatia, Servia)	Subota	Sabbath
Wallachian (Roumania or Wallachia)	Sambata	Sabbath
Roman (Sapin, Catalonia)	Dissapte	Day Sabbath
Ecclesiastical Roman (Italy)	Sabbatum	Sabbath
D'oc. French (ancient and modern)	Dissata	Day Sabbath
Norman French (10th -11th Centuries)	Sabbedi	Sabbath Day
Wolof (Senegambia, West Africa)	Alere-Asser	Last Day Sabbath
Congo (West Equatorial Africa)	Sabbado or Kiansbula	Sabbath
Orma (South of Abyssiania)	Zam-ba-da	Sabbath
Kazani - TARTAR (East Russia)	Subbota	Sabbath
Osmanlian (Turkey)	Yome-es-sabt	day of the Sabbath
Arabic (Very old names)	Shi-yar	Chief or rejoicing day
Ancient Syriac	Shab-ba-tho	Sabbath
Chaldee Syriac (Kurdistan,Urumia,Persia)	Shaptu	Sabbath
Babylonian Syriac (A Very Old Language)	Sa-Ba-tu	Sabbath
Maltese (Malta)	Is-sibt	the Sabbath
Ethiopic (Abyssinia)	San-bat	Sabbath
Coptic (Egypt)	Pi sabbaton	the Sabbath
Tamashek (Atlas mountains, Africa)	A-hal es-sabt	the Sabbath
Kabyle (North Africa, Ancient Numidan)	Ghas assebt	the Sabbath day
Hausa (Central Africa)	Assebatu	the Sabbath
Pasto (Afghanistan)	Shamba	Sabbath
Pahlivi (ancient Persian)	Shambid	(pleasantest day of the week)
Persian (Persia)	Shambah	
Armenian (Armenia)	Shapat	Sabbath
Kurdish (Kurdistan)	Shamba	Sabbath
Miscellaneous Middle Ages Languages		
Georgian (Caucasus)	Shabati	
Suanian (Caucasus)	Sammtyn	Sabbath
Ingoush (Caucasus)	Shatt	Sabbath
Malayan (Malaya, Sumatra)	Hari sabtu	Sabbath
Javanese (Java)	Saptou or saptu	day Sabbath
Dayak (Borneo)	Sabtu	Sabbath
Makassar (s. Celebes & Salayer islands)	Sattu	Sabbath
Malagassy (Madagascar)	Alsabotsy	Sabbath
Swahili (east equatorial Africa)	As-sabt	The Sabbath
Mandingo (west Africa, s. of Senegal)	Sibiti	The Sabbath
Teda (central Africa)	Essebdu	Sabbath
Bornu (central Africa)	Assebdu	The Sabbath
Logone (central Africa)	Se-sibde	The Sabbath
Bagrimma (central Africa)	Sibbedi	The Sabbath
Maba (central Africa)	Sab	Sabbath
Permian (Russian)	Subota	Sabbath
Votiak (Russian)	Subbota	Sabbath

